MPI Animal Exports Team are aware of issues with these particular Overseas Market Access Requirements (OMARS), however exports may be possible.

If you are planning an export with one of these OMARS please contact MPI Animal Exports team to discuss the implications of the requirements as soon as possible

Overseas Market Access Requirements Notification - Animal Products Act 1999

Regulation & Assurance Branch, Animal and Animal Products Directorate, Ministry for Primary Industries

Ref: AE-AU-45 Date: 17 January 2018

ZOOFEL.AU 25 JANUARY 2018 – FELIDAE FOR ZOOLOGICICAL PURPOSES TO AUSTRALIA

1. Statutory authority

Pursuant to section 60, section 60A, section 62(1) and section 167 of the Animal Products Act 1999 I notify the following:

(i) the issue under section 60 of the export requirements for felidae for zoological purposes to Australia ZOOFEL.AU dated 25 January 2018;

(ii) the determination under section 62(1) of the format and content of the official assurance for felidae for zoological purposes to Australia.

This notice takes effect from the 25th January 2018.

Dated at Wellington this 17th day of January 2018.

Howard Pharo Manager Import and Export Animals Animal and Animal Products Directorate Regulation and Assurance Branch (acting under delegated authority)

2. Australia requirements

Felidae for zoological purposes exported from New Zealand to Australia must be accompanied by an official assurance in the form of a completed zoosanitary certificate.

The zoosanitary certificate as specified below must be completed and certified, after due enquiry, by an Official Veterinarian of the Ministry for Primary Industries.

Explanatory note:

If the zoosanitary certificate is not certified then the felidae for zoological purposes do not satisfy the conditions in the notice. Likewise, if the felidae for zoological purposes do not satisfy the zoosanitary requirements in the certificate, then the certificate will not be certified.

Certificate No:



NEW ZEALAND MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

Commodity:	FELIDAE FOR ZOOLOGICAL PURPOSES
То:	AUSTRALIA
Exporting country:	NEW ZEALAND
Competent authority:	MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES
Import Permit Number:	

I. IDENTIFICATION OF ANIMAL(S)

Microchip number and site of implantation	Species (scientific name)	Description	Sex	Age

II. ORIGIN OF ANIMAL(S)

Name and address of exporter:
Name and address of premises of origin:

III. DESTINATION OF ANIMAL(S)

Name and address of consignee:
-
Means and identification of transport:

IV. SANITARY INFORMATION

VETERINARY CERTIFICATE

I,, an Official Veterinarian of the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries, certify, after due enquiry in regard to the animals identified in this Zoosanitary Certificate, that:

1. COUNTRY FREEDOM

1.1 New Zealand is officially free of rabies (as described in the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code), and surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*).

2. PREMISES OF ORIGIN

- 2.1 The premises of origin is a zoo, aquarium or other institution, approved, licensed or registered by the government to hold non-domestic carnivores.
- 2.2 Each animal for export has been continuously resident in the premises of origin for at least 12 (twelve) months prior to certification or since birth.
- 2.3 The premises of origin is under veterinary supervision, where the health of the animal(s) is (are) monitored so that incursions of disease are identified, and control and/or eradication measures can be applied. The premises of origin operates a documented animal health monitoring program which includes microbiological and parasitological tests and necropsies.
- 2.4 The premises of origin has remained free of bovine tuberculosis for 5 (five) years, and free from glanders for 12 (twelve) months prior to certification.
- 2.5 No case of canine distemper has been diagnosed in felids at the premises of origin during the 12 (twelve) months prior to certification.
- 2.6 No case of highly pathogenic avian influenza has been diagnosed in felids at the premises of origin during the 3 (three) months prior to certification.

3. ISOLATION

- 3.1 The animal(s) was (were) isolated from other animals not of the same health and residency status for 30 (thirty) days prior to the scheduled date of export, and remained free from clinical signs of infectious or contagious disease during that period. During this period the animals were not fed meat of avian origin.
- 3.2 Each animal was treated for internal parasites (including cestodes) and external parasites (including ticks) with broad-spectrum parasiticides during the 30 (thirty) days prior to export.

Internal parasites:	
Date of treatment:	
	ose rate:
External parasites:	
External parasites: Date of treatment:	

3.3 *Cytauxzoon felis* (Bobcats only) Each bobcat (*Lynx rufus*) that has resided in North America has been tested, within 30 days of export by the examination of a blood smear for the presence of *Cytauxzoon felis* and by a microflurometric immunoassay test for C. felis antibodies with negative results.

4. EXPORT

- 4.1 The animal(s) has (have) been individually identified with an International Standards Organisation (ISO) compliant microchip, and the site of implantation and the identification number of the animal(s) is (are) recorded on the veterinary certificate.
- 4.2 The animal(s) for export was (were) individually examined by an Official Veterinarian within 72 (seventy-two) hours prior to export and found to be healthy and fit to travel.
- 4.3 After due enquiry, I am satisfied that the container for transport is new or was cleaned and disinfected prior to loading the animal(s). Containers constructed of timber were treated against insect infestation or fumigated prior to loading, as required by the Department of Agriculture and Water Resources (DAWR).
- 4.4 After due enquiry, I am satisfied that the animal(s) will be shipped in a container that meets the container requirements specified in the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Live Animals Regulations.
- 4.5 After due enquiry, I am satisfied that during transport, the animal(s) will have no contact with other animals not of the same export consignment.

Signature Official Veterinarian	Official Stamp and Date		
Ministry for Primary Industries			
Name and Address			

NB: The Official Veterinarian must sign, date and stamp each page of the veterinary certificate using a different colour ink to the paper and the print, and, where applicable, sign, date and stamp each page of the documents (e.g. laboratory reports) that form part of the extended health certification.

EXPORT CERTIFICATION

(This is not part of the official certification)

COMMODITY: FELIDAE FOR ZOOLOGICAL PURPOSES

COUNTRY: AUSTRALIA

NOTES:

- 1 Consignments must be addressed and sent to the Department of Agriculture and Water Resources at the port of arrival.
- 2 One person in charge of the goods, as listed on the import permit, must be accessible to officers of the department and accept responsibility for ensuring that all import conditions are met, including the inspection by the department.
- 3 The person in charge of the goods must notify the office of the department (Note 1) in the state of import in writing at **least three (3) working days** prior to import. The notification must include:
 - 3.1. The import permit number issued by the Department of Agriculture and Water Resources.
 - 3.2. The entry number.
 - 3.3. A contact number for the person in charge of the goods.
 - 3.4. The flight number.
 - 3.5. The air waybill number.
 - 3.6. The date and estimated time of arrival.
 - 3.7. A list of animals being imported.
- 4 The person in charge of the goods must make an appointment for inspection of the animal by the department at the port of arrival. The person in charge of the goods may be required to be present at this inspection and provide all veterinary certification.
- 5 Consignments that do not meet the department's import conditions will either remain in biosecurity control, be exported or be disposed of without recompense.
- 6 It is acceptable to put multiple animals of the same species and health status for the same consignment on one zoosanitary certificate.
- 7 The premises of origin must be a registered zoo or wildlife park.
- 8 Exporters or their agents must have detailed plans to cover procedures including contingency plans, for transporting the animal(s) from pre-export establishment until arrival in Australian territory.
- 9 The animal(s) must be consigned to Australian territory by a route approved by the Department of Agriculture and Water Resources.
- 10 The animal(s) must travel in a container recommended for that particular species under the <u>International</u> <u>Air Transport Association (IATA)</u> Live Animal Regulations
- 11 All feed used during transport to Australian territory must enter the pre-export establishment before commencement of this period.
- 12 The use of hay or straw as bedding during transport is not permitted. Treated wood shavings, sterilized peat and soft board can be used.
- 13 The animal(s) must remain isolated from all animals except those that meet all the conditions described

in this import permit, during transport from pre-export establishment until arrival in Australian territory.

- 14 The post-arrival quarantine (PAQ) facility must meet the department requirements for an AA class 7.9 facility.
- 15 The animal(s) has (have) been individually identified with an International Standard Organization (ISO) compliant microchip, and the site of implantation and the identification number of each animal has been recorded on the Veterinary Certificate.
- 16 Copies of documents will be accepted which bear the original signature, date and stamp of the official veterinarian.
- 17 The dates of treatment, active ingredients and dose rates used are recorded for each animal in the individual health records attached to the Veterinary Certificate.
- 18 Person in charge means:
 - the owner of the goods; or
 - a person (other than a biosecurity officer or a biosecurity enforcement officer) who is in possession or control of the goods;
 - includes a biosecurity industry participant who is in possession or control of the goods as authorized by an approved arrangement covering the biosecurity industry participant;
 - Examples of individuals are capable of being the person in charge are: the person holding the import permit, the person operating the quarantine premises, or the person receiving the goods from the airport.

Section 61A of the Animal Products Act 1999 states that 'The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market'.