



Ref: CTO 2018 043 [G]

Invertebrates: *Cydia pomonella* (codling moth)

CTO direction as to equivalent measures in relation to *Cydia pomonella* (codling moth) from the Okanagan-Kootenay Sterile Insect Release programme (OKSIR), Canada

Replaces CTO direction: 2016 069 [G]

Pursuant to section 27(1)(d)(iii) of the Biosecurity Act 1993 I, Vicki Melville, Manager Animal Trade, Ministry for Primary Industries (under delegated authority), give the following directions for *Cydia pomonella* (codling moth) from the Okanagan-Kootenay Sterile Insect Release programme (OKSIR), Canada, in relation to the import health standard for the importation of invertebrates into New Zealand (INVNONIC.ALL):

Clauses 11.1 and 11.2

Clauses 11.1 and 11.2 of INVNONIC.ALL state:

- 11.1 *Following biosecurity authorisation being given, the container must proceed to the approved registered transitional facility which must be operated according to the MAF Standard 154.02.08: Transitional and containment facility for invertebrates.*
- 11.2 *On arrival in the transitional facility the culture must be subjected to such disease testing, identity confirmation, treatments or procedures as required by the permit to import, the MAF Standard 154.02.08 and the Animal Imports/Exports Group Manager.*

Cydia pomonella (codling moth) from the Okanagan-Kootenay Sterile Insect Release programme (OKSIR), Canada, do not need to be imported into a transitional facility approved to, and operating under, 154.02.08 (Transitional and Containment Facilities for Invertebrates) if the following requirements are met:

- The importation of the product is accompanied by a validated import permit; and
- The importation of the product is accompanied by a declaration on dated letterhead signed by a recognised expert employed by the Okanagan-Kootenay Sterile Insect Release programme (OKSIR) that verifies the following:
 - a) *C. pomonella* are laboratory raised; and
 - b) *C. pomonella* are clear of diseases and parasitoides; and
 - c) the species being sent to New Zealand have been identified as *C. pomonella* and not another species.

The reason for this direction is that the biosecurity risks associated with this commodity have been assessed and are managed effectively. Advice was received from the Science and Risk Assessment Directorate.

This direction takes effect from the date of signing and continues in effect until amended or revoked.